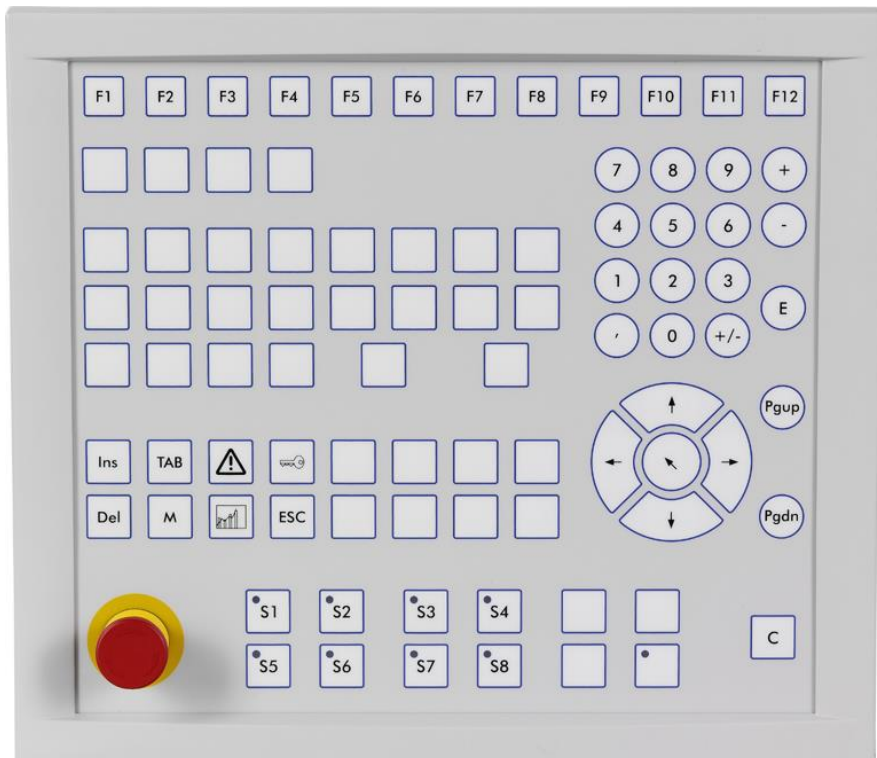


Keyboard Unit Sigmatek

TE891



Technical Data

Performance data

Interfacing	Left or right: chip card reader Back panel: emergency stop connector 1 x CAN with 2 connections
Control panel	89 x function button/ 1 x emergency stop
Signal generator	No

Electrical Requirements

Emergency stop	Maximum +24V AC/ 2A	
Supply voltage	Minimum +18V DC	Maximum +30V DC
Current consumption of the voltage supply	Maximum 250mA (at +24V)	

(The supply voltage is provided by the display unit over the CAN cable)

Miscellaneous

Hardware version	1.x
Article number	12-210-891
Standard	UL (E247993)

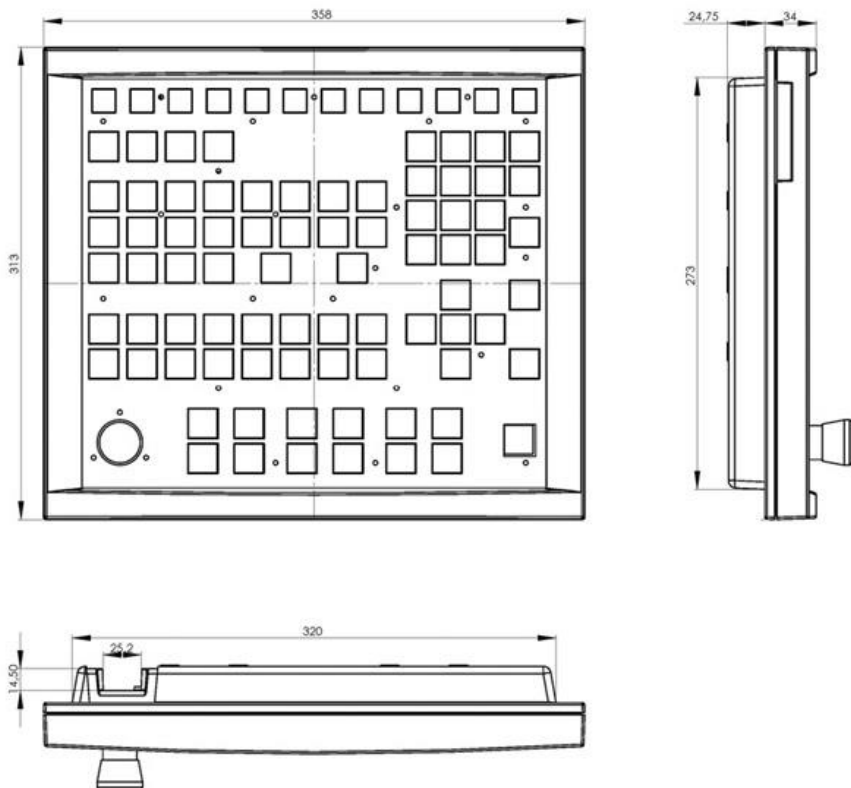
Environmental conditions

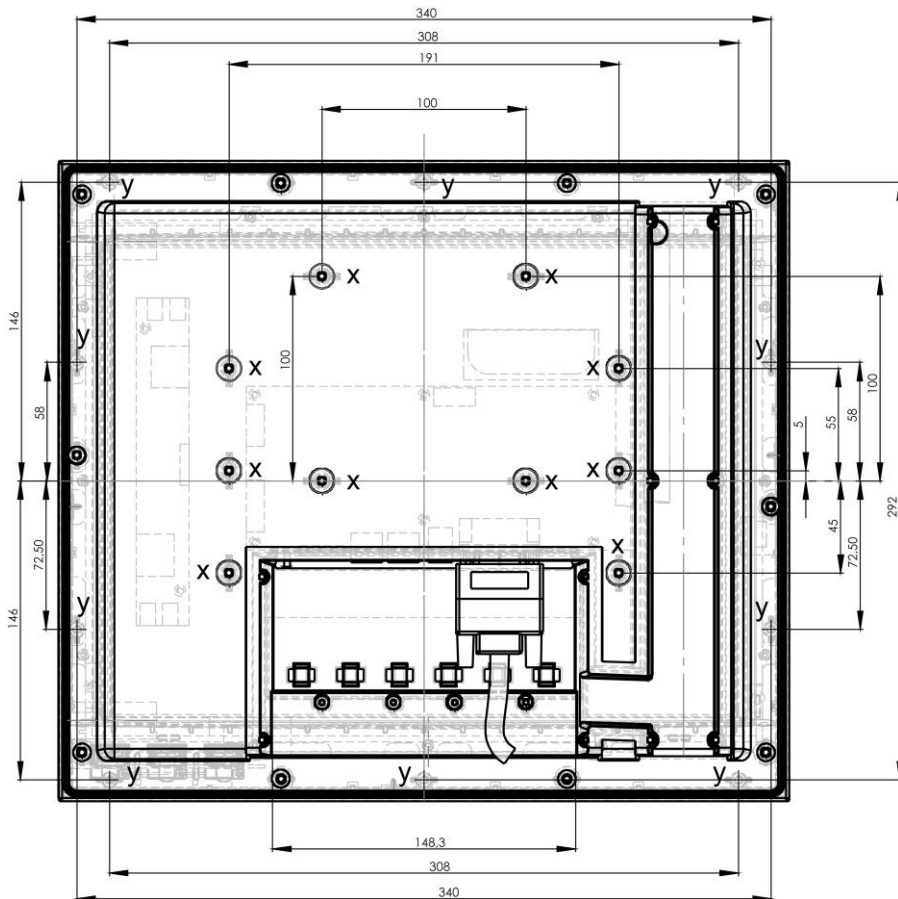
Storage temperature		-20 – +85°C			
Operating temperature		0 – +60°C			
Humidity		0 – 95%, uncondensed			
EMV stability		According to EN 61000-6-2:2001 (Industrial area)			
Shock resistance		EN 60068-2-27		150m/s ²	
Protection type		Control box mount without Chip card reader	Control box mount with Chip card reader	Support arm mount without Chip card reader	Support arm mount with Chip card reader
	EN 60529	Front: IP 54 Back panel: IP 20, with IP 43 cable, if the cable outlet is located below	Front: IP 30 Back panel: IP 20, with IP 43 cable, if the cable outlet is located below	Front: IP 54 Back panel: IP 20, with IP 43 cable, if the cable outlet is located below	Front: IP 30 Back panel: IP 20, with IP 43 cable, if the cable outlet is located below.
	NEMA 250 (UL50)	Type 12	Type 1	Type 1	Type 1

Terminal

Dimensions	358mm/ 313mm/ 62mm (W/ H/ D)	
Material	Housing: Plastic ASA	Front plate: Sheet aluminum with covered Foil
Weight	Typically 2,5kg	

Mechanical Dimensions

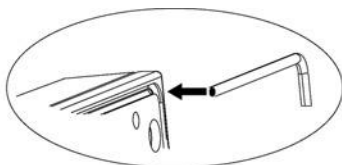




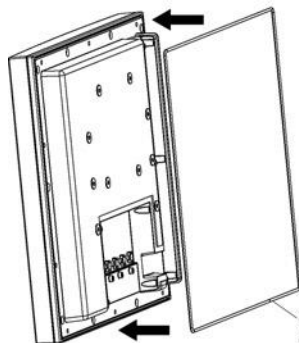
x => Mounting holes for support arm mounting (10x).

y => Mounting holes for control box mounting (10x).



Instructions/ Control box mounting:



① Sponge rubber band should be inserted in the groove provided on the back of the terminal.

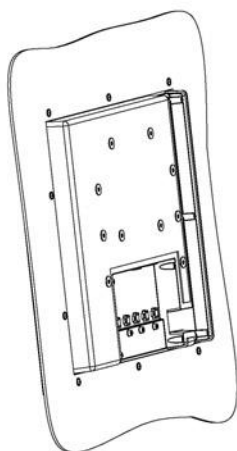
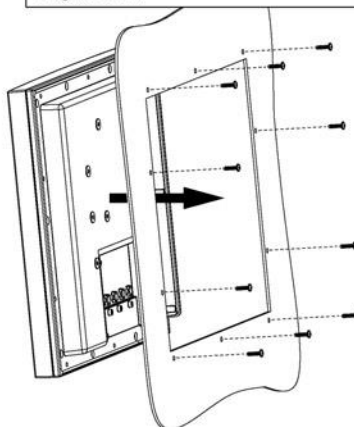


Sponge rubber band
Ø3mm (Joint below)

Screw length	Plate thickness	Art. No. Installation kit switch cabinet installation
 16 mm	1,0 - 3,0mm	12-209-021
 18mm	4,0 - 6,0mm	12-209-022

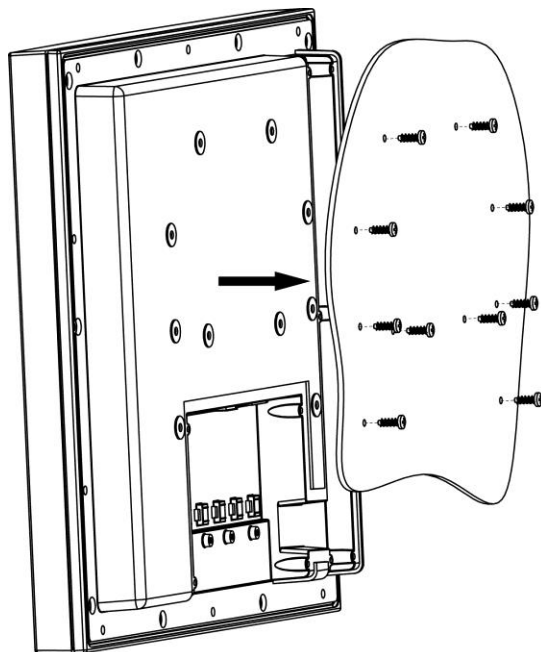
Caution must be taken that the correct screw length is used!



② Incorporate section with the switch cabinet. Connect the terminal with the supplied screws.



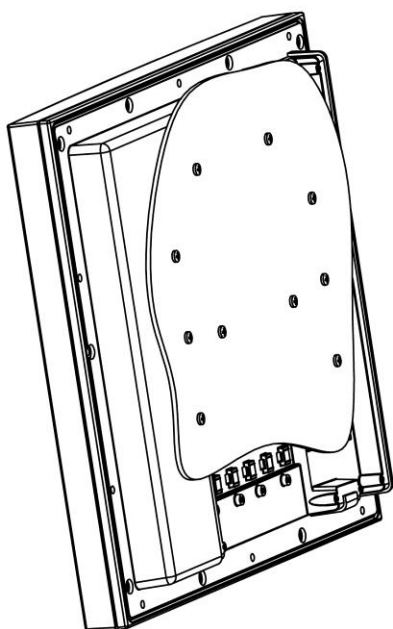
③ Completed mounted terminal.

Instructions/ Arm mounting:



Screw length	Thickness of plate	Art. No. Installation kit carrying arm
 12mm	1,0 - 3,0mm	12-209-011
 16mm	4,0 - 6,0mm	12-209-012

Caution must be taken that the correct screw length is used!



Chemical Resistance

Plastic housing ASA

Solution	Visual Effect
Acetic acid (5%) at 23°C	None
Chromium (40%) at 23°C	None
Citric acid (10%) at 23°C	None
Hydrochloric (36%) at 23°C	None
Lactic acid (10%) at 23°C	None
Nitric acid (40%) at 23°C	None
Sulfuric acid (38 %) at 23°C	None
Sulfuric acid (5%)	None
Ammonia hydroxide (10%) at 23 °C	None
Caustic soda (1%) at 23°C	None
Caustic soda (35%) at 23°C	None
Ethyl alcohol at 23°C	None
Isopropyl Alcohol at 23°C	None
Methanol at 23°C	None
Iso-Octane at 23°C	None
N-Hexane at 23°C	None
Tulol at 23°C	Yes
Acetone at 23°C	Yes
Diethyl ether at 23°C	Yes
SAE 10W40 motor oil at 23°C	None
Sodium carbonate (20%) at 23°C	None
Sodium chloride (10%) at 23°C	None
Sodium Hypochloride (10%) at 23°C	None
Zinc chloride (50%) at 23°C	None
Ethyl acetate at 23°C	Yes
Water at 23°C	None

Decoration foil

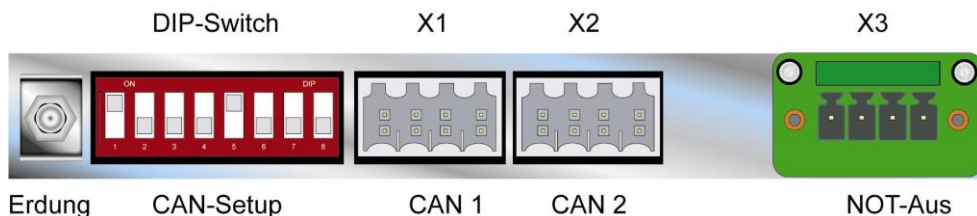
Solution	Effects over time	
	1 Hour	24 Hours
Methylethylketone	None	None
Cyklohexanol	None	None
Acetone	None	None
Ethanol	None	None
Benzyl alcohol	Yes	Yes
Trichloroethan (Genklene)	None	None
Perchloroäthylen (Perklone)	None	None
Perchloroäthylen	None	None
Dichloromethane	Yes	Yes
Diethyl ether	None	None
Toluene	None	None
Xylene	None	None
Gasoline	None	None
Diesel oil	None	None
Nitric acid <10%	None	None
Sodium hydroxide <10%	None	None
Turpentine	None	None
Ethyl acetate	None	None

Interfacing

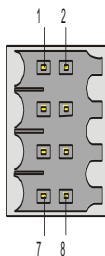
General

The connection to the display unit is made over the CAN bus, which also supplies the +24V. Therefore, an additional voltage supply is not required.

Layout of the back panel

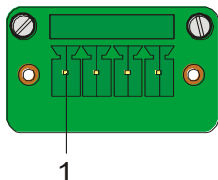


X1, X2 CAN (Weidmüller B2L/B2CF 3,5/8)

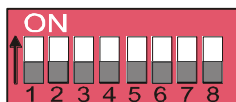


Pin	Function
1	CAN A (LOW)
2	CAN B (HIGH)
3	CAN A (LOW)
4	CAN B (HIGH)
5	GND
6	(+5V)
7	GND
8	+24V

X3 Emergency Stop button (FK-MCP 1,5/8-ST-3,81)



Pin	Function
1	Root 1
2	Normally closed 1
3	Normally closed 2
4	Root 2

DIP SWITCH CAN-BUS Setup (8-times)

Switch 1 – 4	CAN Station 0 – 15
Switch 5 – 6	Baud rate 0 – 3
Switch 7	PS/2 – Master/Slave
Switch 8	CAN termination 150-Ohms

CAN-BUS-Setup

In this section the CAN bus configuration is explained. When configuring the CAN bus the following parameters must be set: Station number and data transfer rate.

CAN bus-Stations number

Each CAN bus station has its own station number. Under this station number, all station connected in the bus can exchange data. Up to 16 (0 to 15) stations can be installed in a CAN bus system, however, each station number can only be assigned once.

SW 1	SW 2	SW 3	SW 4	Station
0	0	0	0	0
1	0	0	0	1
0	1	0	0	2
1	1	0	0	3
0	0	1	0	4
1	0	1	0	5
0	1	1	0	6
1	1	1	0	7
0	0	0	1	8
1	0	0	1	9
0	1	0	1	10
1	1	0	1	11
0	0	1	1	12
1	0	1	1	13
0	1	1	1	14
1	1	1	1	15

CAN Bus Transfer Rate

The data transfer rate (Baud rate) for the CAN bus is settable, however, the longer the bus, the lower the Baud rate that must be selected.

SW 5	SW 6	Value	Baud rate	Maximum length
0	0	0	615kBit/s	60m
1	0	1	500kBit/s	80m
0	1	2	250kBit/s	160m
1	1	3	125kBit/s	320m

These values are valid for the following cable: 120Ω, Twisted Pair.

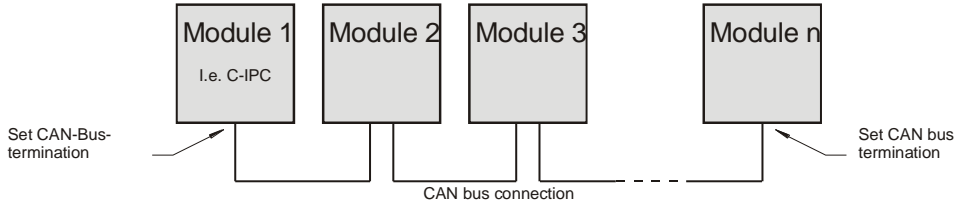
Note: For the CAN bus Protocol: 1kBit/s = 1kBaud.

CAN Bus PS/2 Master

Because the CAN bus and PS/2 signals are transmitted, a PS2 master must be defined that controls and answers queries from the CPU. There can be only one PS/2 master in the system. The selection is made by setting SW7.

CAN-Bus Termination

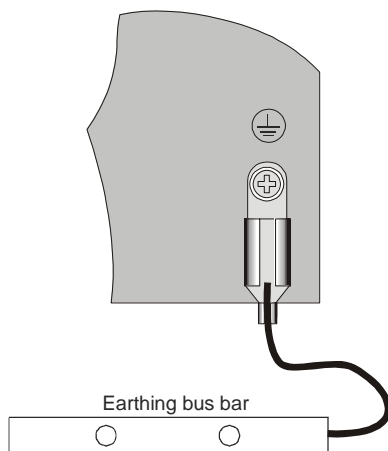
In a CAN bus system, both ends must be terminated. This is required to avoid transfer errors caused by reflections in the line.



A line termination switch is already built into the console unit. If the unit is an end module, the DIP switch SW8 should be set.

Earth Ground

To ensure the display unit functions error-free, an earth connection must be made over the blade terminal on the back panel.



Addressing

Data transferred over the CAN bus:

1. PS/2-Keyboard
2. Initialization of the Machine keyboard
3. Machine buttons
4. Control of the LEDs
5. Display recognition and settings

Items 1 and 5:

The following CAN objects are reserved for the PS/2 keyboard area and display recognition:

040 hex to 08F hex

16 independent terminals can be installed in a single system using the available station numbers. The station numbers are set using the DIP switches on the pack panel. A terminal must also be defined as a master, which answers to global objects (i.e. NumLock or CapsLock).

Since only a limited number objects are available in the CAN controller (14 standard objects max.), the machine buttons are limited to two objects.

Items 2, 3 and 4:

Send object:

Object number: \$120-\$12F (depending on the station)

Object size: 2 Byte

Application for initializing, setting LEDs

	Initializa- tion:	All LEDs off	All LEDs on	All LEDs blink- ing	One LED off	One LED on	One LED blinking
Data 0	CMD = \$80	CMD = \$00	CMD = \$01	CMD = \$02	CMD = \$10	CMD = \$11	CMD = \$12
Data 1	Bit 0 – 2: Repetition rate	---	---	---	LED-Nr.	LED-Nr.	LED-Nr.

Code LEDs

